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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Lee will probably be one of the military commissioners for Cuba. —— Garrisons of both regular and volunteer forces will remain in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines; Gen. Schwan has occupied the town of Mayaguez, P. R. —— Cuban insurgents will accept the terms of the peace protocol, suspending all hostilities. —— The average daily death rate in the city of Santiago has been reduced from 107 to 37; a house to house canvas disclosed no authentic case of yellow fever. —— Gen. Lee has been ordered to report at Washington. —— The war with Spain has cost the United States Government so far $150,000,000. —— Cholera is epidemic in Madras. —— A private of the Second Wisconsin who shot and killed a soldier of the Thirteenth regulars at Ponce, P. R., was court martialed and shot. —— A bombardment in progress at Manzanillo, was stopped by news of the peace protocol. —— A cloud-burst in Hawkins county, Tenn., caused the loss of seventeen lives. —— Spain thinks the peace commission will give her sovereignty over the Philippine islands. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton—quiet; middling uplands 6c; flour was quiet and barely steady; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 79½c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 39c; rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1.35; spirits turpentine steady at 28½@29½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 13.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 79 deg.; 8 P.M., 74 deg.; maximum, 85 deg.; minimum, 73 deg.; mean, 79 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .08; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.51 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., .5 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Heavy rains occurred in the Carolina and Georgia, and light showers in the other Eastern districts. Generally clear and slightly cooler weather prevails in the Mississippi valley and western districts. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Cheraw, S. C., 1.39; Atlanta, Ga., 1.14.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Generally fair, except showers on the coast; variable winds.

Port Almanac—Aug. 14.

Sun Rises	5.17 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.51 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 36 M.
High Water at Southport	5.58 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	8.28 P. M.

The last surrender to American arms was when a Yankee corporal captured and married a Spanish belle.

A St. Louis paper wants another holiday to commemorate the victory over Spain. Beer is cheap in St. Louis.

Chicago keeps on growing and blowing but her taxable values keep on shrinking. They are $16,762,362 less than last year.

Gen. Coxey's daughter is performing in a circus. The old man performed himself some time ago, but his circus got knocked out when he struck that grass in Washington.

An alderman who with suicidal intent plunged into the Chicago river, was pulled out alive. He was more immune to combined and concentrated scents than the remorse-stricken Chinaman who took the same route a few days before.

The New York *Tribune* announces that "a plague of small sharks infests some portions of New York bay." But they can't hold a light to the big sharks that infest Wall street and other precincts where they lay for and do up the innocents.

The town of Babylon, L. I., had a chief of police who was very imposing, but he was too heavy for the job and he had to get down. He weighs 300 pounds, and the thieves and other law breakers were too nimble-footed for him, on the run. He must run an anti-fat course if he expects to adorn the Babylon police.

A Chattanooga dispatch says the officers at Camp Thomas received a letter from the father of a boy who deserted, in which he says the only way to remove the shame from the family and disgrace from the army is to catch him and shoot him. As we see it the principal shame on that family is having such a brute for a head. Much allowance should be made for the unfortunate son of such a heartless monster.

Admiral Dewey has written a letter to Congressman Livingston, of Georgia, thanking him for the introduction of the resolution of thanks adopted by Congress. While highly prizing the honor, the most gratifying feature about it he says is that while he is a Vermonter the resolution was introduced by a Southern man, and he prays that "we may never hear of sectionalism again." He concludes by reminding Mr. Livingston that his flag lieutenant is a Georgia boy, Lieutenant Brumby.

In speaking of pensions the Washington *Post* remarks that "one of the serious troubles with the pension system is that it gives too little to those who are maimed in war." In other words, it gives too much to those who are not entitled to anything and not enough to those who are.

A Western girl who married a stranger on a two weeks acquaintance, isn't so anxious for the return of the stranger now as she is for the gold watch, diamond ring, and other jewelry, and the loose change that disappeared with him.

Emil Sauer, the musician who will soon reach this country, totes more hair than Paderewski. And yet despite his hair and his name the musical lunies over here will pronounce him sweet.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. J. Gore—Fitzhugh Lee.
Str. Wilmington—Schedule.
S. P. Cowan & Co.—Notice.
D. L. Gore—Bagging and ties.
J. W. Murchison—Hardware.
Morris Bear & Bros.—For rent.
W. S. W.—Excelsior stamp pad.
I. B. Rhodes—Mary's little lamb.
Hall & Pearsall—Butter, cheese.
R. R. Stone & Co.—Picnic hams.
J. H. Bunting—Naptha-camphor.
Vollers & Hashagen—Provisions.
S. W. Sanders—Advertising scheme.
Cape Fear Academy—Next session.
C. W. Polvogt—Truth will prevail.
Masonic—Meeting Concord Capter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

M. C. Darby—For rent.
Currie Stables—For rent.
Cantwell House—For rent.
D. O'Connor—Cottages for rent.
P. H. Smith—Country produce.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Mrs. W. E. Mayo—House for rent.
W. J. Bierman—Country produce.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. M. J. Corbett left for New York last night.

— Mr. F. J. Loudette, of Columbia, is in the city.

— Mr. M. H. Curran left last evening for New York.

— Mrs. R. R. Stone left yesterday for Clarkton visit relatives.

— Mr. F. R. Corbett, of Alpine, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Prof. J. C. Horner, of Oxford, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. W. L. Bissinger returned from Cleveland Springs yesterday.

— Miss Bessie Williams, of Mount Olive, is visiting friends at the seaside.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Solky have gone to New York city to visit relatives.

— Mrs. W. A. Rourk left yesterday for Bladenboro on a visit to relatives.

— City Clerk and Treasurer Wm. Struthers returned Friday from Columbus county.

— Mrs. J. J. Tharp returned last evening from a pleasant visit to relatives at Magnolia.

— Miss Mollie Froelick, a popular young lady of Halifax, is the guest of Mrs. J. H. Rehder.

— Mr. J. S. Middleton, of Atlanta, special agent of the Ætna Insurance Company, is in the city.

— Miss Lizzie Dick, of Greensboro, is visiting the family of Capt. A. H. Slocomb, on Wrightsville beach.

— Chief Engineer W. A. Furlong, of the *Nantucket*, who has been here for nearly a week on a furlough, returned Friday night.

— Mr. John R. Hanby left last night for Savannah, Ga., from where he will accompany his wife and child to Asheville to spend ten days.

— Mr. W. J. Pittman, of Raleigh, a former citizen of Wilmington, arrived here yesterday and will leave this morning on the *Croatan* for New York.

— Mr. C. E. Matthews, a rising young railroad man of Norfolk, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon from Sloop Point, where he has been the guest of the family of Dr. W. D. McMillan, at their Summer home. He leaves for his home in Norfolk to-day.

White Government Union.

Probably the first insignia of the White Government Union worn in North Carolina appeared on the streets yesterday in the form of large white buttons bearing the inscription "White Government Union." They were worn by several members of the staff of THE MORNING STAR.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Not a single marriage license was issued during last week by the New Hanover Register of Deeds.

— Crude turpentine advanced 10 cents on the barrel on this market yesterday. Sales at $1.10 and $1.60.

Engineer Platt, Chief Mate Jorgensen and Purser Swann, with caps of the style adopted by Hanover Seaside Club.

— The services at the First Baptist Church this morning and to-night will be conducted by Rev. G. L. Finch, of Williamston.

— Two hundred and twenty-five people came in on the Carolina Central yesterday. Good crowds came in also by other roads.

— Hanover Seaside Club has shown its appreciation of the services of the crew of the *Wilmington*, by presenting Captain Harper, Chief

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— James G. Blain, colored, calls a meeting of his company Thursday night at the City Hall. He is going to appoint committees with various duties to perform.

— Mr. Thad F. Tyler signed the contract yesterday for the erection of the new house that Mr. A. G. Hankins is going to have erected on Ann street between Third and Fourth.

— At 2.30 o'clock Monday afternoon the County Commissioners will meet to hear complaints about tax valuations. This is the only meeting at which matters of this kind will be considered.

— The records in the office of the Superintendent of Health show nine deaths during the past week, two white and seven colored. During the same period there were eight births, four white and four colored.

TRICK-LOCK SCHEMERS IN JAIL.

Must Answer the Charge of Larceny by Trick in Criminal Court.

In the Mayor's court yesterday at noon Mayor Wright was to have rendered his decision in the case of Luke Crawford and John Washington, charged with the larceny of money by trick. However, counsel for the defendants made a further argument and the Mayor announced that he would postpone a decision in the case until 6 P. M., in order that he might have time to investigate certain points of law raised by the defendant's counsel. At 6 o'clock he went to the court and announced that he would bind both defendants over to the Criminal Court in bonds of $50 each, in default of which they were turned over to Jailor King. Both men are colored.

John Epps, colored, was tried yesterday by the Mayor on the charge of refusing to assist a police officer when called upon to do so in making an arrest, and also for abusing the officer while on the way to the city prison. He was placed under a $25 bond for trial in the October Criminal Court. Special policeman A. H. Lamb was the officer, and the arrest in question was made last Thursday night.

John Smith, colored, was fined $2.50 and costs for rolling a wheel-barrow on the sidewalk.

FRONT STREET PARK.

Contract Given for Constructing Benches and Tables.

The committee from the Board of Aldermen which is looking after the new park on Front street, opposite the Seaboard Air Line building, gave the contract yesterday for making the benches, etc. There will be accommodations for four or five hundred people. The benches will be of the rustic kind, and the rain won't hurt them scarcely any. There will also be tables and washstands. The trees will be cut down and new trees planted, whitewash will be used in abundance, and in fact everything will be done to make the park a place where visitors can be at ease. Mr. A. B. Skelding, the general manager of the Wilmington Street Railway Company, has kindly offered to put in some electric lights free of charge.

The members of the Merchants' Association are highly pleased at the promptness which Mayor Wright and the committee are showing in getting the park ready for use. It is hoped to have the park completed inside of a week.

TRANSFER OF BUSINESS.

Mr. H. L. Fennell Sells Out to S. P. Cowan & Co.

Mr. H. L. Fennell has sold out his livery stable and baggage transfer business to Messrs. S. P. Cowan & Co. The transfer of carriages, phaetons, etc., was made yesterday. None of the horses was sold. Mr. Fennell will sell them out later, though; finally he will devote his time to the harness business.

Mr. Cowan has associated with himself Mr. W. D. McMillan, Jr., retaining the same firm name. Mr. McMillan is a son of the well known superintendent of health, Dr. W. D. McMillan, and is a young man of fine business qualities. Previously he has been the A. C. L. agent at Washington, N. C. Messrs. W. B. Bowden and Frank Shepard, the clever baggage men who have contributed so much to the success of Mr. Fennell's establishment, will be with the new firm.

Morris Bear & Bro., offer a store and dwelling house for rent in the STAR this morning.

A SUMMER RESORT.

Wilmington Outstripping the Record of All Previous Seasons in This Regard.

THOUSANDS OF VISITORS.

Hotels in the City and at the Seaside Thronged With People—Many Social Functions the Past Week That Was Largely Attended.

Each passing week swells the already very large per cent. by which Wilmington's 1898 record as a Summer resort is outstripping all previous seasons.

A prominent citizen who is in a position to formulate an accurate estimate, told a STAR reporter yesterday that the number of visitors in the city and on the two beaches during July was far in excess of those of the same period last year, and thus far in August the per cent. of excess over any previous August is even greater. Truly Wilmington and her superb seaside attractions are constantly growing in public favor, and bid fair to equal, if not rival, any resort on the Atlantic coast. During the past week all the hotels have entertained very many regular boarders, and, also, especially during the last few days of the week, great throngs of excursionists from a number of the principal cities of this and adjacent States.

In the number of social functions the last three or four days of the week were much the more distinguished; but the preceding days were by no means devoid of social attractions. While there were no elaborate receptions or dances, not a day or night passed but that there were many little informal gatherings, boat parties and other pleasant means of passing the time.

It was on last Monday that a pleasant party of Georgia railroad officials arrived at Seashore Hotel and they remained until Friday. They were a merry and genteel company. Those comprising the party were Mr. W. S. Brand, superintendent; Mr. W. E. Mobley, yard master at Atlanta; Mr. J. C. Tuggle, yard master at Augusta; Mr. F. P. Stansill, agent at Augusta; Mr. C. D. Martin, travelling auditor, Mr. W. S. Morriss, paymaster; Mr. C. F. Moss, conductor on Gainville and Jefferson Road, Mr. George H. Howard, Augusta councilman, and Mr. B. S. Person, Sumter, S. C.

It was on Monday that cards were issued for the marriage of Miss Leila McGirt, of this city, to Rev. T. A. Smoot, Professor of Science and Philosophy in Greensboro Female college. This happy event which is to be celebrated Wednesday at 6:30 P. M., will be notable not only because of the high esteem of the contracting parties but also because of novel arrangements. Both the bride and groom-elect are connected with the G. F. C., and all the bridesmaids are to be alumnæ of that institution and are all to be attired in college colors. The colors will also be conspicuous in the Fifth Street Church decoration.

Wednesday was distinguished by two very pleasant functions, one, however, was for boys and girls. Hanover Seaside Club races and subsequent hop were especially pleasant. Quite a number of Wilmington and visiting society people went down to Carolina Beach and participated in the festivities. The little people made merry in Carolina Club house on Ocean View beach, under the chaperonage of Mrs. Northrop.

Thursday evening will be long and very pleasantly remembered by quite a company of Wilmington and visiting young people. The hospitable home of Mr. D. L. Gore, corner of Sixth and Dock streets, was their rendezvous and the occasion was a very pleasant complimentary reception by Mr. Gore's talented daughter, Miss Arabella, in honor of Miss Lena Rodes, of Charlottesville.

On the following evening much the same circle of young people enjoyed the hospitality of another charming hostess, Miss Bessie Burtt. This event was complimentary to a number of popular visitors. They were Miss Grace Segerman, of Baltimore; Miss Lena Rodes, of Charlottesville, Va.; Miss Berta Robbins, of Durham; Miss Mattie Dempsey, of Portsmouth, Va.; Miss Mattie Rigsbee, of Durham; Miss Eva Anderson, of Wilson; all of whom are visiting friends in the city.

The hop at the Atlantic Club on Friday night was another notable event, as was the one at Seashore Hotel last night. There were quite a number of young people from the city in attendance. Then, too, at the beach Friday, Mr. R. E. Crawford, the gentlemanly manager of Seaside Hotel, gave the ladies stopping at the hotel a delightful boat party on the *Annie Otto*. There have been innumerable parties of this kind.

During the week several very popular visitors left the city much to the regret of those so fortunate as to have known them. Among them were Miss Sadie Hanes, guest of Miss Mary Lue McKoy; Miss Grimes, of Grimesland, guest of Miss Anita DeRosset; Miss Lucy Boney, guest of Miss Louise Slaon; Miss Mary Herring, guest of Miss Linnie Alderman. In the stead of these though others have come. Among these are Miss Mabelle Gray Winston, guest of Miss Slocomb; Miss Grace Yerby, guest of Miss Baldwin; Miss Janie Montgomery, of Salisbury, guest of Miss Susie Parsley, and Miss Eva Anderson, of Wilson, guest of Miss Ethel Barnes, and Miss Clyde Ellington, Raleigh, guests of Miss McGirt. Notable guests at the Seashore Hotel are Miss Susie Gumm, Miss Mary Andrews, Charlotte; Miss Ivy Root, Louisville, Ky.; Miss Annie Gumm, Atlanta; Miss Clark, Augusta; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Dudley, Nashville, Tenn.; E. T. Rion and wife, Murfreesboro; H. S. Leard and wife, Raleigh; J. L. Tribble, J. A. Brock, Anderson, S. C.; R. L. Hardage, Atlanta; E. E. Huleck and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio; C. D. McKnight and wife, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Inmann, Augusta; Mr. H. L. Holt, Fayetteville; Mr. S. G. Fowler and wife, Portsmouth, Va.

A letter from Cleveland Springs yesterday gives the following well known Wilmington people as guests there: Mrs. T. D. Meares, Miss Mary F. Meares, Miss Janie G. Meares, Master R. L. Meares, T. D. Meares, Jr., Mr. E. M. Norden, Mr. B. L. Rogers and Mr. W. L. Bissinger.

The Battery Park at Asheville also numbers among its guests a number of Wilmington people. Among them are Mrs. Jno. D. Bellamy and daughter, Miss Eliza, Mrs. Clayton Giles, Mrs. K. M. Murchison, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Sprunt.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE GUESTS.

Editor of the S. A. L. Magundi and Others.

Mr. Stanly G. Fowler, of Portsmouth, Va., editor of the *S. A. L. Magundi*, Mrs. Fowler and little boy, and Mr. L. A. Seidell, the Seaboard Air Line official photographer, arrived yesterday to spend a few days here as the guests of the Chamber of Commerce.

Messrs. Fowler and Seidell gave such a complete and satisfactory description of Wilmington in a recent issue of the *S. A. L. Magundi* that the Chamber of Commerce wanted to show its appreciation by inviting them here as the special guests of the Chamber. The members hoped that the party could stay one or two weeks and will seriously regret that the visitors have to leave to-morrow.

Mr. F. L. Huggins has been appointed a special representative of the Chamber of Commerce to look after the entertainment of Mr. and Mrs. Fowler. He received them at the depot yesterday and accompanied them to Seashore Hotel. He will spend to-day with them and drive them over the city and vicinity Monday.

SOLDIERS FROM THE FORT.

Give the Wilmington Police Force a Very Hot Time.

Two soldiers from Fort Caswell gave the police a hot time yesterday. The first to get into trouble made a desperate effort to get away from the officers, patrol men George and Scarborough. He made a double somersault in trying to get away, but the policemen had him fast. Another soldier interfered with the arrest and he too was escorted to the guard house. He cursed the police roundly. Said he came down here to fight the Spaniards and here he was being persecuted by policemen. Both the soldiers will be tried to-morrow at noon.

Another of Uncle Sam's men created considerable excitement by his deportment at the foot of Market street. He got into a fracas with a citizen and for awhile things looked pretty squally, but no arrests were made.

St. Paul's Academy.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church has for several years maintained a parochial school, which was so successful last year that the School Board was encouraged to take a forward step in education this year. The parochial school is to be crowned with an Academy under the management of Prof. E. O. Counts. This Academy is designed for a twofold purpose, to prepare students for college and to fit those who do not wish to go to college for commercial success.

In Prof. Counts, the School Board has secured a teacher of fifteen years experience, who has proved his competency by his successful work in Wilmington last year. The new enterprise deserves success and will doubtless receive encouragement from the citizens of this city, who wish the best educational advantages for their children.

To Run a Truck Farm.

Capt. A. C. Sneed, of Winston, a brother of Mr. E. H. Sneed, of this city, has bought the farm on Masonboro Sound lately owned by Mr. W. S. Warrock. He moved down yesterday with his wife and three children. Capt. Sneed will cultivate truck extensively. He was previously engaged in the tobacco warehouse business at Winston. The STAR hopes that he will meet with success in his new venture.

Excursion from Hope Mills.

About 175 people came in on the excursion from Hope Mills yesterday over the C. F. & Y. V. railroad. They were brought to this side by the *Compton*. Some sought the seashore, others spent the day in the city. The excursion train left the city last night at 7.30 o'clock. Mr. S. H. Cotton, of Hope Mills, was the manager of the excursion.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

RALEIGH'S NEWS BUDGET.

Atlantic Coast Line's Appeal from Decision of the Railway Commission. The Farmers' Alliance.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 13.

Now that John R. Smith has been requested to resign as Commissioner of Agriculture by the State Alliance, there is some little interest in the forthcoming issues of the *Progresive Farmer*. It is said that Editor Ramsey desires to roast the Alliance, but Mr. Denmark is on the other side, and the policy of the paper is, for the first time since the death of Col. Polk, given a test.

The Alliance endorsed Russell's position on railroad matters.

The Atlantic Coast Line has appealed to the United States Court from the decision of the North Carolina Railway Commission reducing passenger rates on the Wilmington & Weldon railroad to two and two and one-half cents. A temporary injunction, staying the order of the Commission, has been filed with Clerk N. J. Riddick of the United States Circuit Court, in this city.

The injunction, which is temporary, was granted by Judge Simonton at Asheville. It will come up for hearing October 19th at Greensboro, as to whether or not it shall be made permanent.

The contention of the railroad and the commission is based on the Nebraska decision. It will take some time for the case to make its way through the courts and in the meantime the old rates will remain in effect. The Coast Line will doubtless be required to give a bond to the commission to justify the public.

A private letter from Atlanta received by a gentleman here says the trouble into which Captain Cooper, of the Murphy company, in the Second regiment, has fallen is serious. He says there is a woman in the case, and Captain Cooper's conduct was decidedly unbecoming, either an officer or a private.

Rear Admiral Kirkland, who died last night in California, has many relatives in this State. He was a native of Orange county, and was appointed to the Naval Academy from this State July 2d, 1850.

The Republican convention for Wake county is called to meet September 24th.

THE GAME THAT WASN'T PLAYED.

Wilmington Base Ball Enthusiasts Much Disappointed—Games This Week.

There was a disappointed lot of base ball enthusiasts in Wilmington yesterday afternoon. Much ado had been made about the game of ball scheduled for 4 o'clock between the O. A. N. and A. C. L. teams. Rooters had been thoroughly coached in the matter of hacking "the other fellows" and a warm time was apparently assumed, but a little while before the crowd should have commenced to gather rain began to fall and a number of the players even did not go to the park. Now it will be at least Friday of this week and probably Saturday before a game is played and then it may be that either the A. C. L. or O. A. N. team will give place to a team from Fort Caswell. However, that may be, the boys are determined to make a faithful effort to give Wilmingtonians some good ball.

A definite arrangement has been made by which a game will be played Friday between a picked Wilmington team and a team from Fort Caswell. The latter will be under the management of Mr. John L. Weigman, of the Southport *Standard*, and the captain will be Lieutenant Timberlake, of Battery I.

CANDIDATE FOR SOLICITOR.

To be Nominated by the Republicans in Sixth District.

It is pretty certain that J. E. Albright the chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of the Sixth Judicial District, will call a convention to nominate a candidate for Solicitor. When the first convention was held, no nomination was made, the plan being to allow the Populists to name a solicitor and give their support to the Republican candidate for Judge. But as was seen in yesterday's STAR the Populists are after the "whole hog" and have put up candidates for both judge and solicitor. The Republicans are riled no little, and say they can put out a straight ticket with far better chances for victory than the Pops. can.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At a pic-nic to be given at Gibson's Station, Richmond county, Thursday, August 18th.

At Monroe, Union county (Court week), Tuesday, August 23d.

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

A Turbulent Darkey.

Jno. Jones, colored, gave the police some trouble yesterday. He was drunk and asleep on the corner of Front and Dock streets when officer Thomas Moore, colored, saw him. Officer Moore arrested him, but Jones wasn't disposed to go to the City Hall without making objections. He fought hard to keep from going to the lock-up, but with the assistance of another colored man officer Moore took him to the lock-up where he will remain until noon to-morrow, the hour for trial.

DOCKERY THE STRADDLER.

Norment Wants a Cartoon of the Champion Dodger Office Hunter Dockery.

[*Raleigh Post.*]

Dr. R. M. Norment, the independent Republican candidate for Congress in the Sixth district, was in the city yesterday. While here the Doctor called at the Executive office and spent some time with the Governor.

When a *Post* reporter found Dr. Norment he was looking for Cartoonist Jennett. "Where is that young man that draws pictures?" he asked. "I want him to sketch me a cartoon of the old man."

"Who is the old man?" the Doctor was asked.

"Old man Dockery."

"What kind of a picture do you want?"

"I want him with both legs straddled out. One leg on the Populist platform and the other on the Republican platform. When I get this cartoon I am going to issue an address. In this address I have two letters written by old man Dockery. One is a silver letter and one a gold letter. I am going to put them side by side."

"But they say you are coming down?"

"Who says so? I am up to stay, unless they offer to make me minister to Mexico or something better. I've got no idea of coming down."

"How is your vote going to run?"

"I'll lick the whole caboodle of them. Dockery is a traitor. Everybody knows he voted for Cy Watson for Governor. His election would mean defeat to the party. He is no Republican. He helped the Democrats to defeat the Republican party."

"Is there going to be fusion in the Congressional districts?"

"I don't know. I see they are nominating Pops in all the districts. I think the districts will be allowed to take such action as they please. Some of the Pop candidates are decoys."

THE POPULIST CONVENTION.

To Nominate Judge and Solicitor of the Sixth District.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

WARSAW, N. C., August 12, 1898.

The convention for the Populist party for this judicial district was held to-day, for the purpose of nominating a judge and solicitor. S. H. Bright, of Lenoir, was elected secretary. A considerable discussion was had on organization and credentials, which was participated in by F. D. House and others, when the convention adjourned for dinner.

The convention re-assembled at 1.30 P. M. The roll of counties was called and were found represented except Greene. While the committee on credentials was out, E. Fowler, the Populist candidate for Congress, was called on for a speech, which consisted purely of abuse of the Democratic party.

The committee reported all the counties but Greene represented. Mr. Murphy, of Greene, being present, was declared only elected as a delegate to represent Greene.

Nominations were declared in order. F. D. Koonce, of Onslow, was placed in nomination, also A. J. Loftin, of Kinston. Mr. Loftin was nominated on the first ballot. On motion his nomination was made unanimous.

Mr. C. Richardson, of Clinton, being the only candidate for Solicitor, was unanimously nominated, and made a short speech of acceptance.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Thomas' Church: First Mass and Holy communion 7 A. M.; last Mass, 9 A. M.

Rev. A. S. Barnes, pastor of Market Street M. E. Church, has returned to the city and will occupy his pulpit Sunday morning and night.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, A. G. Voigt, D.D., pastor. Services this morning at 11 o'clock in the German language. Sunday school at 4.30 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning services at 11 o'clock. No service at night; Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All seats are free and every person cordially invited.

'Squire Bornemann.

Justice G. W. Bornemann had his hands full yesterday. James King, Thos. Williams and Willie Doe, colored, were found guilty of assault and battery; Lou Johnson and Maggie Gilmore, white, and Susan Everett, colored, disorderly conduct. Judgment was suspended in all of these cases upon the payment of costs. 'Squire Boremann has another case already on docket for to-morrow.

From the War Revenue Law.

A reader of the STAR suggested to a reporter yesterday that it would be of interest to readers to publish the following information about war taxes taken from the War Revenue law:

Lease, agreement, memorandum or contract for the hire, use or rent of any land, tenement or portion thereof.—If for a period of time not exceeding one year, 25 cents; exceeding one year and not exceeding three, 50 cents; for three years, $1.00.

The Insurance Adjustment.

Col. Walker Taylor, one of the insurance agents interested in the damage by the fire in the wholesale mercantile establishment of Messrs. Stevenson and Taylor Friday night, told a STAR representative last night that the losses were to have been adjusted yesterday but some minor preparations had not been completed. The adjustment will be made early this week.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton October 26th, 27th and 28th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOCUM, Secy. and Treas. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

au 14 tf

Provisions.

D. S. Ribs,
Plates,
Shoulders,
Hams,
Lards.

We carry large stocks, sell at Rock Bottom Prices and solicit your orders.

We are sole agents for the

Famous Brands Cigars.

Renowns,
Cuban Blossom,
Topical Twist-Heads.

If your jobber can't furnish you, we will.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wholesale Only.

jy 31 tf Nutt Street. A. C. L. Crossing.

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.

Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.

Aluminum Pocket Seals,

The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.

A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,

15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

FITZHUGH LEE IN WILMINGTON.

The greatest wonder in the Spirit World is that the biggest barrel or cask (a perfect beauty and wonder) that was ever tapped in Wilmington is now on tap and exhibition at Thos. J. Gore's, corner Dock and Water streets. I wish to introduce "Our Fitz" to his numerous admirers. Come and see him, as he stands on his starry platform, spangling with the beautiful banners of the Stars and Stripes and the Lone Star of Cuba. Not only the biggest and prettiest package that ever was shipped to this city, but its contents are of the highest grade and purest quality. Come and see "our leader."

THOS. J. GORE,
au 14 tf Corner Dock and Water Sts.

NOTICE.

I have sold to Messrs. S. P. Cowan & Co. my good will in the Livery Stable and Baggage Transfer business, and I bespeak for them the patronage of the public, which has been so kindly and liberally extended to me.

H. L. FENNELL.

Notice of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. McMillan, Jr., has become a partner in the Livery Business heretofore carried on by the undersigned under the firm name and style of S. P. Cowan & Co.

S. P. COWAN.

The undersigned having formed a copartnership to carry on the Livery Stable Business in the city of Wilmington, under the firm name of S. P. Cowan & Co., solicit the patronage of the public. They promise prompt and good service to all.

S. P. COWAN,
au 14 tf W. D. McMILLAN, JR.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.10 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 6 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. to 28 tf

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY

Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19, as a home School, preparing thoroughly for

Business or College,

saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.

W. Catlett,
au 12 2w 120 North Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

Store No. 108 North Water St.

Possession given at once. Also a new two-story dwelling on Chesnut near Seventh street, having all modern conveniences, including Closet and Bath. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

Morris Bear & Bros.,
au 14 tf 119 Princess street.

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular monthly Convocation will be held to-morrow (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock.

W. A. MARTIN,
au 14 1t Secretary.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, *of* New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

SPAIN NOT RUINED.

Now that the war with Spain has come to an end, and she is to be shorn of her possessions in this hemisphere and some of her possessions in the Pacific some may regard her as a ruined country, but she is very far from it if she has the sense to take a new departure and try to keep pace with other nations in the march of progress. At one time she owned all the continent of South America. and most of the continent of North America, compared with which Cuba and Porto Rico wouldn't make a respectable garden patch. But she lost or traded everything she had on both continents and yet she is not ruined.

Spain was never endowed with the faculty of governing colonies, in fact she never got it into her haughty head that colonies were entitled to government like other people and therefore she always governed them by proxy, and generally the very worst proxies she could select. It is said that Cuba never had but one Governor General before Campos, who was not a thief and didn't believe it was his prerogative to plunder the people to enrich himself. Of course such examples were contagious and the result was that not forty per cent. of the revenues collected in Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines found their way into the Spanish treasury.

As she had not acquired the art of governing colonies, neither did she acquire the art of developing their resources and making them more valuable. The Philippine islands are said to be fertile, some of them are known to be very fertile. Some of them contain coal deposits, and others are said to be rich in gold. They contain other minerals, with some of the rarest and most valuable timber in the world, but how much of any of these is only speculative for Spain has never had the energy to have the islands explored or surveyed, and even Luzon, the best and the best known of the 1,200 or more of the archipelago, is practically a *terra incognita*, but little or nothing being known of the interior. Gold comes from some part of it, but little is known of that part or of the amount of gold that is gotten, most of which is bought by Chinese traders, who are too shrewd and close-mouthed to give away a good thing. And yet Spain has been in possession of these islands for three hundred and seventy-seven years. The city of Manila was fifty years old when the Pilgrim Fathers landed on New England's shores, and all there is of modern progress to show outside of Manila is 720 miles of telegraph and 70 miles of railway,

Cuba is not half a day's sail from Key West, Fla., which once belonged to Spain. She has owned Cuba over four hundred years. Cuba is a wilderness compared with Florida. It is one of the most fertile of lands. It is superbly timbered. It contains both iron and coal; but while the lands have been cultivated after a fashion, and the timber utilized to a small extent, no Spanish pick has ever gone in quest of that coal or that iron.

Porto Rico is a garden spot, the gem of the West Indies, and yet it has been a comparatively locked box, from which Spain got but little and got that by squeezing. Both of these islands might have been made rich treasure houses for Spain if she had had the least capacity for government or the least genius for development, and the thrifty utilization of their natural resources. Porto Rico has been a patient, submissive colony, satisfied with little and only too contented if let alone and not too cruelly oppressed, but the joy of her people at being freed from the crushing thraldom of centuries was eloquently expressed in the glad welcome they gave the invading army of American soldiers.

Instead of being a valuable Cuba was a costly possession to Spain, for she spent more money trying to hold the island in subjection than all the revenues derived from it amounted to, without considering the hundreds of thousands of lives of Spanish soldiers and of natives sacrificed in these attempts within the past half century.

Where Spain loses anything by surrendering territory that cost her more to hold then she got out of it, t would be very hard to see. She was simply trying to do what she did not have the talent to do, and mistook plunder and oppression for government. It was only her consuming pride which fed upon the past, from which it could not profit, and saw neither the present nor the future, which prevented her from acknowledging it. Perhaps now she sees it when too late. But if she be wise enough to profit by her experience and chastisement for the shortcomings of the past she will be a gainer by what she apparently loses.

Freed from the task of governing or trying to govern distant and rebellious colonies she can give more attention to better government at home and more closely study the capacities and needs of her own people. She will have less need for a large army or for a large navy, to keep in subjection distant possessions. She can turn her attention to the arts of peace and train her young men to something more useful and creditable than butchering the people who couldn't be plundered without butchery. With less use for the army, which has been the curse of Spain, it may be reduced in number and will be a less potent factor for mischief than it has been, and brutes of the Weyler type will sink to their proper level.

The people of Spain have their good as well as their bad qualities. They are as good as the average people of other European countries, and their bad qualities are due in a large measure to their ignorance. They have been a woefully neglected people which the more than forty per cent. which can neither read nor write will show. Class-ruled, ignorant and superstitious, much was not to be expected of them but there is something in them if they get half a chance to show it. Whatever may be their short comings they are intensely patriotic, and that is a redeeming trait that atones for many defects. What they need is education, that this patriotism may be directed aright and not become ridiculous. With the education of the children to make intelligent and useful people, these 18,000,000 of people occupying 196,173 square miles in one of the most favored of European countries, rich in many things, there is no reason why Spain may not become a very prosperous and a very happy country and yet thank God that in His providence she was relieved of the crushing incubus of colonial possessions.

PLAYING DOUBLE.

Dr. Norment, who is running (for the present, at least) as the independent Republican candidate for Congress from this district, charges Hon. Office Hunter Dockery with playing double, with writing gold letters to gold men and silver letters to silver men. As the Dr. is a square out gold bug he doesn't believe that a Republican candidate who professes to stand on a Republican platform which endorses the gold standard should be playing the role of a gold advocate on one side of the fence and a silver advocate on the other side to catch the votes of both sides, and the Dr. is about right. Oliver ought to be one thing or the other and be honest, which, however, isn't an easy thing for a political gyrator like him to be.

But there is nothing surprising in Oliver's writing gold letters to gold men and silver letters to silver men, for didn't he when the Populists baited him with the nomination for Leiutenant Governor, (which he thought might be a stepping-stone to something higher) repudiate the the gold platform of the Republicans, kick clear out of the party which he denounced as faithless to the people and a creature of the money power, and didn't he proclaim himself an advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 as the only way to break the grip of the money power and rostore prosperity to the country? Of course he did. That is written and stands over his own signature, and now within two years, with this letter staring him in the face, we find him through his proxy kinsman going before a Republican convention, practically recanting all that, and proclaiming himself an orthodox Republican, because he had to do that to secure that nomination for Congress for which he was hankering.

Who looks for stability in a man like that, or who is surprised at any wigwagging he may do? He is now trying to pull the wool over the eyes of silver men by pretending to be a friend of silver notwithstanding his acceptance and endorsement of a gold platform; but he will not find it as easy to pull wool now as he did two years ago, because the people see through him and understand his little tricks.

INSULTING THE CROATANS.

The Croatans in this State are not negroes. They have always resented being called negroes or classed as negroes, and yet we find a Populist organ insulting them by calling them negroes, and also misrepresenting Hon. John D. Bellamy, Jr., our candidate for Congress. Mentioning the fact that Mr. Bellamy delivered an address on education before a mass meeting of Croatans in Robeson county, *Our Home*, a little Populist paper—with a Republican string to it—published at Marshville, remarks:

"And thus the first time we hear from the Democratic nominee he is before a colored audience making a speech."

There are but a few lines in this and there are as many falsehoods. The Croatans are not colored people, (the milder expression for negro, which *Our Home* scribe uses). Mr. Bellamy was not addressing a "colored audience," and he was not making a speech at all, but an address on education, and a very good one it was. In commenting upon this the Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer* pertinently says:

"This is the first time we have ever heard the Croatan Indians called negroes. Some years ago that elegant and polished gentleman and humanitarian, Hon. Hamilton McMillan, of Robeson county, wrote a book in which he conclusively proved that the Croatans were descendants of Sir Walter Raleigh's lost colony and Indians. This book has been accepted as authority all over the country, but the claim of the Croatans that they are not negroes does not by any means depend upon what Mr. McMillan says. The Legislature of North Carolina, in passing a law giving the Croatans separate schools, to which negroes are not admitted, emphasized the fact that this peculiar and interesting race are not negroes.

"This attempt of *Our Home* to misrepresent Mr. Bellamy is a specimen of the low methods injected into our politics by papers that find it difficult to confine themselves to the truth in speaking of candidates of the opposite party."

The Croatans were never before the war classed as negroes. They have always resented being so referred to, and it is a matter of fact that being so classed by the men who during the Republican regime in this State just after the war was one of the main causes that led to Henry Berry Lowrie troubles, which made him an outlaw and resulted in his death. The people who resented being classed as negroes then will hurl back the insult and resent it now, but in a different and more effective way than the bolder spirits did then.

MINOR MENTION.

In our news columns yesterday we published the President's proclamation suspending hostilities, and also the points in the protocol on which subsequent negotiations are to be conducted. The Spanish Ministry has accepted everything demanded by this Government and about the only thing, as for as we can see, that will lead to any controversy is the disposition that is to be made of the Philippines. We have an idea that the two governments have come to some sort of an understanding about that, which neither cares to make public at this time. It will be noted that the only condition prescribed is that General Merritt shall hold possession of Manila pending the action of the commissioners to be appointed by each government, and the ratification of this action, but it is more than likely, that this government will insist upon some coaling station, and that this demand will be acceded to. The perplexing problem, as far as the Philippines are concerned, will be what to do with Aguinaldo and his people, who have claims upon this Government which cannot be honorably ignored. Whether they will be satisfied with something in the shape of autonomy guaranteed by this Government, or by joint guarantee of this and other governments remains to be seen. Perhaps the plan may be tried of buying Aguinaldo off, as he was once before before bought off by Spain. It also remains to be seen what effect the President's proclamation will have on Generals Garcia and Gomez, who are waging war independent of the U. S. army. To recognize this proclamation would be practically to recognize the authority of the United States to dictate the terms as to Cuba without consulting the Cubans, the very point to which General Garcia took exception when he withdrew his forces from Santiago, and ceased to cooperate with Gen. Shafter. Some way may, however, be found to placate the Cuban leaders, and thus avoid the necessity of using force to bring them to terms after whipping Spain out. With anything like level-headed management we do not think this will be difficult to do, unless this Government has determined to hold its grip on Cuba and ignore its anti-conquest declarations.

LEAVE IT WITH HIM.

Leave it with Him—
The lilies all do,
And they grow;
They grow in the rain,
And they grow in the dew,
Yes they grow;
They grow in the darkness, and hid in the night,
They grow in the sunshine, revealed by the light,
Still they grow.

The grasses are clothed
And the ravens are fed,
From His store;
But you, who are loved
And guarded and led,
How much more
Will he clothe you, and feed you, and give you His care!
Then leave it with Him; He hath everywhere
Ample store.

Yes, leave it with Him;
You're more dear to His heart,
You well know,
Than the lilies that bloom,
Or the flowers that start
'Neath the snow.
What you need, if you ask it in prayer,
You can leave it with Him, for you are His care—
You, you know.

—*Selected.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Friendship may soon die, but enmity never.

— A religion that consists only in ideas does not make us any better.

— If people do not respect you it is because you do not respect yourself.

— The best time to keep still is when there is nothing to be gained by talking.

— A little which has been honestly secured is better than great riches secured through dishonesty.

— Of all teachings, that which presents a far distant God is the nearest to absurdity. Either there is none, or he is nearer to every one of us than our nearest consciousness.—*George MacDonald.*

— The distinction between Christianity and all other systems of religion consists largely in this, that in these others men are found seeking after God, while Christianity is God seeking after men.—*Thomas Arnold.*

— The heaviest cross is light, if borne in meekness and trust; the lightest cross crushes one, if the heart is heavy and sore with pride. Sufferings must come; it is the course of nature; but they do not necessarily cause misery.—*Mozoomdar.*

— One mounts to eternal life, now—not in some vague to-morrow, but to-day. Eternal life is a condition, not a period. Live in immortal energies, in noble purpose, in true lift of soul; and one lives, at once and here, the immortal life. His soul has already put on immortality.—*Lillian Whiting.*

TWINKLINGS.

— The Point of View: Mrs. Chump (loftily)—"Haven't I made you all that you are?" Chump (sadly)—"My dear, have I ever uttered a word of blame?"—*Truth.*

— Monopolies are like babies—most men are opposed to them on general principles until they acquire a personal interest therein.—*Chicago News.*

— "Capt. Skaggs, did you ever get your leg bit off by a shark?" asked a boy of six of a retired sea captain. "Did I, sonny?" he replied. "Did I? Well, rather. Dozens of times."—*Tit-Bits*

— "Isn't a 13-inch gun considered unlucky?" inquired the superstitious man. "It all depends," replied the matter-of-fact acquaintance, "on whether you're an American or a Spaniard."—*Washington Star.*

— "You make me tired!" And this to a Major General of the army! Yet there was no unseemly demonstration; no arrest for insubordination; not even a reprimand. It was only Shafter's horse thinking aloud.—*Cleveland Leader.*

— "I've had a delightful time on my holidays. No regular hours for meals. A large, airy room. No charge for hot and cold baths. All kinds of fruit and vegetables. A well-stocked wine celler, and no charge for corkage, and, above all, no fees for the servants." "Delicious! Where is this ideal spot?" "I stayed at home."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Frightened: Baxter—"I must hurry around to see old Hardrocks the first thing in the morning and get that money he owes me. He's going to have trouble." Mrs. Baxter—"Why, Josiah, what makes you think so?" Baxter—"The paper says his boy has started out to be a Napoleon of something. I didn't notice just what."

Brunswick County Democratic Convent on.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. McNEILL,
August 6, 1898. Chairman.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00. †

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

OUTDOOR COSTUME, WITH BLACK SURAH CLOAK FROM HARPER'S BAZAR.

LONG cloaks are very much used now, not only for travelling, but for general wear and for driving. They are useful garments, but require to be well made and of good material. Our illustration, taken from HARPER'S BAZAR, shows one of the newest styles made of black surah, and long enough to entirely cover the gown it is worn over. There is a round yoke made of tucked black surah, and trimmed around the shoulders with a full double ruche of surah. Around the neck is another double ruche of the surah, forming a wide ruff.

The body of the cloak is made of brocaded surah, so transparent that it shows the lining through it, and the lining of salmon-pink satin is very effective under the black. There are no buttons, the cloak being fastened with hooks under the full folds.

One of the odd features is seen in the sleeves, made of plain black surah in accordion pleats that hang straight from the shoulders, full and wide, and long enough to completely cover the sleeves of the waist. The belt also is of black surah, fastened in front with a large rosette.

To wear with this cloak is a round hat of black straw, with the brim turned up at the back, and trimmed with plaid ribbons, white silk quills, and a large blackbird.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Stanley *Enterprise:* Reports from every portion of Stanley county bring the information that both the cotton and corn crops are in excellent condition. In some of the townships the prospects for the corn crops is more promising than ever before known.

Murfreesboro *Index:* Mr. D. C. Hardy died at his home near Rehoboth, in Northampton county, last Thursday night at an advanced age. He was a native of Northampton, but spent most of his life in the South, coming back to Northampton a few years ago.

— Greenville *Weekly:* Two negro boys nearly grown, Hope Aldridge and Fred Ives, living at L. B. Cox's in Swift Creek, had a difficulty last Saturday. Fred used an awl freely, stabbing Hope in many places on his body, the awl being driven to the hilt every time. Hope was not expected to live till Sunday, but was still alive at last accounts.

— Statesville *Landmark:* W. A. Mowery, conductor on local freight, was killed Friday morning one and a half miles east of Elmwood. His train was coming west and Mowery was standing on top of a car when he was struck by an overhead bridge, was knocked off and instantly killed. The body was brought to Statesville and was taken from here to Salisbury on the vestibule. Mowery was 39 years old and has a wife and one child in Salisbury.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligence:* Ben Tucker, the young desperado, has at last been captured. He is only about 20 years old, and does not look a day over 18. Ever since his boyhood he has lived the life of a criminal, but not until comparatively recently did he develop into a dangerous outlaw. He it was who, a few weeks ago, tried to murder Mr. Chap Hill in his store at the depot. Some other crimes Tucker has been guilty, the particulars of which have heretofore been given in this paper, was the robbery of Mr. Jeff Flake, and the attempted robbery of Mr. J. E. Moore, both of Gulledge township.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Government appears to be unable to pick a single site for a camp without having trouble develop about the water supply or something else after the first troops reach there. It seems strange that in this great country of ours, teeming with health resorts, dozens of places cannot be found where the sanitary conditions would be all that could be desired.—*New York Herald, Ind.*

—— Now it is announced that the torpedo boat Farragut, built at San Francisco, will make 32 knots. This is not unlikely. Every ship built at San Francisco has been the best of its class in the navy. The Charleston is the best of the old cruisers, the San Francisco is the best of the new, the Olympia the best fighting cruiser in the navy, the Monterey the best of the monitors and the Oregon the best battleship of the navy. This is rather interesting.—*New York Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY Druggist. †

The Rev. W. B. Cosfley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters; and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made decided improvement. I continued their use for several weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute			7
Standard	7	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	51
Virginia Meal		@	51
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Leguyra	13	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	3¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent		@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	59½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	19
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	36
Barbadoes in barrels		@	38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	38
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS ℔ keg. Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
Coarse		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 75	@	3 25
Cypress Sawn	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	5 00	@	6 00
Sap	3 50	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl for strained and 97½c for good strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.15 per of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm, 25¾c, 25¼c; rosin quiet $1.20, $1.25; tar quiet, $1.15; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	103
Rosin	335
Tar	130
Crude turpentine	29

Receipts same day last year.—187 casks spirits turpentine, 663 bbls rosin, 158 bbls tar, 38 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations: Good Ordinary..... 3 1-16 cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary..... 4¾ " "
Low Middling..... 5 1-16 " "
Middling..... 5½ " "
Good Middling..... 5¾ " "
Same day last year, middling 7½c.
Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 16.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 60 to 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra prime, 75c; fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½ to 53 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00 to 1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to .50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Money on call steady at 1¾ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills 485½@485¾ for demand and 484@484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486@486¼. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates 58¾@59¼. Bar silver 59⅝. Mexican dollars 46. Government bonds firm; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127¼; do. coupon, 127¼; U. S. 4's 111½; do. coupon, 111½; U. S. 2's, 97; U. S. 5's, registered, 112; do. 5's, coupon, 112. State bonds—N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 35. Spirits turpentine steady at 28¾@29¼.

CHARLESTON, August 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27@27½c; sales 109 casks; receipts 1,784 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 267 barrels; receipts 5,659 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, August 13.—The cotton market opened with prices 2 to 4 points lower, steady at the decline. Liverpool cables failed to meet popular expectations and our market opened lower; empathetically. Soon after the call positive weakness developed, however, under general selling started by the bear crowd. Considerable old long stuff was spilled out and not a little selling was done under foreign orders. The bear contingent appeared to be supported also by Southern interests. By 11 o'clock the break had reached a matter of 6 to 7 points with the market less feverish, the smaller shorts taking profits in sight in preference to holding off over Sunday for possible greater gains early next week. The weather and crop accounts were very favorable, which added to the nervousness of bull traders. The market was quite feverish late in the forenoon, but improved somewhat near midday on scattered covering. The close was quiet at a net loss of 5 to 6 points.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6c.

Cotton futures closed quiet; August 5.76c, September 5.77c, October 5.80c, November 5.82c, December 5.85c, January 5.88c, February 5.92c; March 5.95c, April 5.98c, May 6.00c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6c; middling gulf 6¼c; sales 1,888 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 34 bales; sales 1,888 bales; sales to spinners 581 bales; stock (actual) 80,068 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,294 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,326 bales; exports to the Continent 4,677 bales; stock 215,980 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,523,993 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,493,573 bales; exports to France 815,308 bales; exports to the Continent 2,987,959 bales.

Aug. 13.—Galveston, quiet at 5 11-16c, net receipts 656 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 77 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6¼c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6 1-16c, net receipts 146 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5½c, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6¼c, net receipts 56 bales; Savannah, easy at 5⅝, net receipts 9 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 5¾c, net receipts 344 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5¾c, net receipts 3 bales; Memphis, quiet at 5⅝, net receipts 17 bales; Augusta, quiet at 6c, net receipts 41 bales; Charleston, quiet at —c, net receipts 3 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Flour was quiet and barely steady. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 79½c; options opened weak and sold off under realizing by scalpers; the features were bearish Liverpool cables, predictions that Northwest receipts would expand and weakness of wheat in Minneapolis; closed ¼@1c off; No. 2 red September 70⅞@71 11-16c, closed 71¼c; December 68½@69c, closed 68¾c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 39c; options opened steady but subsequently were influenced by wheat and closed unchanged; May 39¼; September closed 37¾c; December closed 37⅜c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 28c; options were dull and about steady; closed ¼c lower. Lard steady; Western steam closed $5 60; city $5 00@5 25; September $5 62½, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $5 80. Pork quiet; mess $9 50@10 00; short clear $11 50@13 50; family $12 00@12 50. Butter—market was steady; Western creamery 14½@19c; do factory 11@14c; Elgins 19; imitation creamery 14½@16c; State dairy 13@17c. Cheese steady; large white 7¼c; small white 7½c; large colored 7¼@7½c; small colored 7¾c. Potatoes steady. Cotton seed oil dull; prime crude nominal; prime yellow 23¼@24. Petroleum dull; Philadelphia and Baltimore $6 35; do. in bulk $3 85. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 5⅛@6¼. Cabbage steady; Long Island $2 12½@2 50. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet but steady; No. 7 invoice 6¼c; No. 7 jobbing 6¾c; mild, steady; Cordova 8@15c; sales fair on private terms. Sugar—raw strong; fair refining 3¾c; centrifugal 96 test 4¼c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Cash quotations: Flour steady; special spring brands $5 00; Minnesota hard patents $4 30@4 50; soft pat ents $4 20@4 30; hard straights $4 10@4 15; soft straights $3 75@3 90. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 64@72c; No. 2 red 71½c. Corn—No. 2 32½@33c. Oats —No. 2 22c; No. 2 white free on board, 26@28c; No. 3 white free on board, 25@27c. Mess pork, per bbl., $9 05@9 10. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 30@5 32½. Short rib sides, loose $5 15@5 45. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 62½@4 87½. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 65@5 80.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 August 71, 71, 69½, 69½; September 66½, 66¾, 66½, 65½c; December 64¼, 64¼, 63½, 63⅝, 63⅝c; May 65⅞, 66, 65¼,

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Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

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IN ABSENCE.

Watch her kindly, stars.
From the sweet protecting skies
Follow her with tender eyes.
Look so lovingly that she
Cannot choose but think of me.
Watch her kindly, stars!

Soothe her sweetly, night.
On her eyes, o'arwearied, press
The tired lids with light caress.
Let that shadowy hand of thine
Ever in her dreams seem mine.
Soothe her sweetly, night!

Wake her gently, morn.
Let the notes of early birds
Seem like love's melodious words.
Every pleasant sound my dear,
When she stirs from sleep, should hear.
Wake her gently, morn!

Kiss her softly, winds.
Softly that she may not miss
Any sweet, accustomed bliss.
On her lips, her eyes, her face,
Till I come to take your place.
Kiss and kiss her, winds!

—Phœbe Cary.

ENGLAND WANTED WAR.

Held Back From Fighting France In 1893 by the German Emperor.

The Gaulois, in Paris, recently related in considerable detail that during the Siamese imbroglio of 1893 England was on the verge of declaring war against France. The power that opposed the war most vigorously was Germany. In fact, said the Gaulois, the war was prevented by the German emperor.

"At that time," said the Gaulois, "Emperor William was at Cowes with his yacht. He had won a regatta prize from Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie and the Prince of Wales' Britannia. He appeared, literally as well as figuratively, to swim in English waters. It was as he sat at dinner in the house of the Royal Yacht squadron that he received from Count Hatzfeldt the news that the English government intended to declare war against France. The emperor rose from the table, laid aside his napkin and sent a dispatch empowering his embassador in London to protest against Lord Rosebery's programme. Moreover, he betook himself at once to Osborne House to announce to his grandmother that he never could approve such a course as regards Siam."

Sometimes Paris newspapers publish articles on European politics that lack all foundation in fact, and the amazing story told by the Gaulois might have been dismissed as one of them had it not been confirmed at once by the Koelnische Zeitung, probably the most trustworthy journal on the European continent. The Koelnische Zeitung's Paris correspondent was at Cowes with the emperor in 1893. As soon as the Gaulois had made its statement he corroborated it. Among the influential Englishmen at Cowes, he said, it was then common talk that the German emperor was England's ally against Siam and France. Lord Dufferin, then English embassador in Paris, had come to Cowes to conclude the negotiations for an alliance, but had been met with the emperor's blunt refusal to take the active part that England wished to assign him. The Koelnische Zeitung's correspondent asserts that the correctness of this statement is absolute and beyond question among the initiated who were at Cowes during the German emperor's sojourn there.

Not Tall Enough.

Just at the time when vague reports were beginning to creep abroad that Germany was meditating fresh extension of her frontier at the expense of Holland a Dutch official of high rank happened to be visiting the court of Berlin, and among other spectacles got up to amuse him a review was organized at Potsdam.

"What does your excellency think of our soldiers?" asked Prince Bismarck as one of the regiments came marching past in admirable order.

"They look as if they knew how to fight," replied the visitor gravely, "but they are not quite tall enough."

The prince looked rather surprised, but made no answer, and several other regiments filed past in succession; but the Dutchman's verdict upon each was still the same, "Not tall enough."

At length the grenadiers of the guard made their appearance—a magnificent body of veterans, big and stalwart enough to have satisfied even the giant loving father of Frederick the Great, but the inexorable critic merely said, "Fine soldiers, but not tall enough."

Then Prince Bismarck rejoined: "These grenadiers are the finest men in our whole army. May I ask what your excellency is pleased to mean by saying that they are not tall enough?"

The Dutchman looked him full in the face and replied, with significant emphasis, "I mean that we can flood our country 12 feet deep."—London Tit-Bits.

In the northern parts of China there are many villages which are almost deserted in winter, the inhabitants going south, where they live by begging. They form regular guilds and literally compel shopkeepers to help them by threatening to cause a riot in front of their stores, which Chinese merchants abhor.

The oddest shaped county among the 3,000 which go to make up the separate divisions of the various states is Warren county, Tenn. It lies in the center of the state and is as near a perfect circle as any division of land could be.

IN THE HINTERLAND.

WEALTH OF WEST AFRICA THAT FRANCE AND ENGLAND ARE AFTER.

The Tradesmen of the Two European Countries Are Engaged In a Struggle For Conquest Which May Call For Arbitration to Prevent a War.

James Pinnock, African merchant of Liverpool, who was one of the original promoters of the Royal Niger company and director for many years, in the course of an interview with a representative of The Daily Mail, said: "I went out to west Africa 40 years ago and visited almost every port and place in that region, including the Niger, many times, and my business has been with west Africa ever since. In 1870 I built a steamer, called the Rio Formoso, specially for service on the river Niger, and with her I explored and opened up, for the first time in history, the river Forcados. This river flows into the Atlantic and is one of the entrances to the Niger.

"The importance of this great river Niger and the hinterland is well known to those who are engaged in the African trade, but we can only expect it will slowly dawn on the mind of the British public. I am convinced, however, the more they look into it the more important they will see it is to the interests of British trade not to lose any of it.

"Fifteen years ago there were four firms trading on the Niger. They were the West African company, the Central African Trading company (and with this latter Taubman Bros.—one of them now Sir Taubman Goldie—were connected), Miller Bros. and myself. We all four firms joined and called ourselves the United African company, which was subsequently changed to the National African company and after that again to the Royal Niger company.

"The position today," continued Mr. Pinnock, "would be better understood if a good map could be put before the public of the whole hinterland of our west African colonies. Such a thing unfortunately does not exist at present. The strict geography of the country is only understood by a very few. Our knowledge of the hinterland, however, has increased immensely during the past few years, and to instance one particularly large territory I would point out that the French flag is already flying at innumerable towns and stations extending from 4 degrees east longitude to 2 degrees west longitude and from about 6 degrees north latitude (in the neighborhood of Porto Novo and the Dahomey country) to the town of Say on the Niger, which is between 13 degrees and 14 degrees north. The English flag is to be found to the east of Porto Novo, and extending inland to the neighborhood of Nikki (now occupied by the French) to various degrees of latitude wherein are found the three British possessions and protectorates of Lagos, the Niger Coast protectorate and the Royal Niger company.

"It is from the interior, however, that the future great wealth of Africa will be derived, and if all this is allowed to fall into the lap of France she will be possessed of an empire second only if not equal in the future to the whole of our Indian empire.

"See what South Africa has already developed into, and as far only as minerals are concerned. The soil of Africa has not yet been barely scratched. The population of this part of Africa, with the advent of railways, stoppage of the slave trade, cessation of internal tribal warfare, will increase in equal ratio to that of the most favored parts of the southern states of America—I mean as far as the multiplication of the negro population is concerned.

"The development of this hinterland will, in my opinion, exceed all the dreams of the most enthusiastic colonial party in France. Both France and England have sacrificed many men and much money in the race to grasp this priceless treasure, and the difficulty of apportioning it will, I believe, be so great that it is more than probable, to avert extremes, it will have to be referred to some other nation, or council of nations, to arbitrate on, as the matter is far too weighty for easy or speedy settlement.

"As evidence of the activity of the French I may point to the railway from Senegal to the upper Niger. This is being pushed forward with a further vote of 1,000,000 francs from the Caisse des Depots et Consignations, thus cutting and heading off all our possessions from Gambia, Sierra Leone, the Gold Coast and Lagos down to the river Niger.

"A very great deal, if not the whole of the trouble on the Niger," added Mr. Pinnock, "would never have arisen but for the obnoxious charter given to the Royal Niger company. By reason of this charter every trader, white and black, British or otherwise, is entirely excluded from the country. Had the river and adjacent country been thrown open to free and legitimate trade, as all merchants have been clamoring so long for, backed up by the chambers of commerce of Liverpool and Manchester, all the places in question would have long since been full of British subjects, white and colored. Trade would have developed a thousandfold, and the French would never have gone near it."—London Mail.

This One Especially.

From a Paris paper we take the following conversation in a police court:

The President—It appears from your record that you have been 37 times previously convicted.

The Prisoner (sententiously)—Man is not perfect.—London Globe.

What Wrestlers Should Eat.

The Japanese wrestlers are a race of giants; they often weigh from 14 to 24 stone. At the Imperial hotel in Tokyo once they brought their champion wrestler to my room. He was prodigious in size and as fat and fair as a baby. He was a Hercules in strength, but looked like an overgrown cherub of Correggio.

"What do you eat?" I asked.

"Rice, nothing but rice."

"Why not eat meat?"

"Meat is weakening. Beef is 70 per cent water. Rice is 80 per cent food. I ate lean beefsteak once and my strength left me. The other man ate rice and threw me down."

My courier said: "This wrestler is the champion of Japan. No one can throw him."—Pearson's Weekly.

She Supervises a Farm.

In spite of being college bred the ability to earn a living in the most businesslike manner has been proved by Miss Anna T. Hayes of Louisville. She is now taking personal supervision of her father's farm of 200 acres. She is devoting time and money to the development of a special breed of pigs for the specially cured hams of which there is a growing demand in the state. The pigs are fattened on sterilized milk, meal and apples and are brought up to a uniform weight. The hams are cured on the farm. The young woman is making a complete success of her venture.

Bright Valet.

Valet (to officer's fiancee)—My lieutenant has sent me to bring you this bouquet of forest flowers, plucked by his own hands.

Fiancee—Oh, how poetic! And how long it must have taken to gather them!

Valet—Indeed, miss, it took me nearly three hours.—Fliegende Blatter.

HOW TO COOK POSSUM.

Told by One of the Most Skilful Opossum Chefs In the World.

A negro's juicy appreciation of possum meat was well illustrated upon a recent occasion when a lady with whom the narrator is acquainted paid a visit to New Orleans. She told him the story. She was walking down Chartres street early one morning, intending to visit the celebrated French market of the Crescent City, and on her way she met a very old colored man coming from the opposite direction, evidently from the market, as he was carrying in one hand a possum and in the other a small split wooden basket of sweet potatoes. The old man's face was beaming with good nature and wreathed in smiles of anticipatory pleasure. He looked so joyously into the face of the lady that she, too, could not help but smile at him, whereupon he held the possum up aloft and said, "Good eatin, missy, good eatin." She stopped for a moment, looked at the childlike, happy face of the old negro and said, "So you like possum, do you?"

"Like possum, missy! I loves possum. Dare ain't no eatin like possum. De possum am good, but de gravy with sweet potatoes is better. Did you never eat possum, missy? Den you didn't know what good eatin was. But mebbe you all wouldn't know how to cook Mr. Possum, fur dar's ebbyt'ing in de know how."

"Well, then, tell me how you cook it," she said.

The old man set the possum and potatoes down on the pavement, or, as they call it in New Orleans, the "banquet," and with a look of earnest concentration began with: "Now, dop't you never forget jest what I'ze gwine to tell you about how to cook de possum. Well de fust t'ing you does is to get your possum. Dat may be easy fur you uns, but 'tain't fur me—dat is, always. Well, den, when you's dun got your possum you skins him fust. Den you puts him into de pot with cold water an put de pot over a hot fire, an den you parbiles him—not too much—fur you doan't want to lose any of his nice sweet fat. Den you takes him out of de pot an you dries him in a clean towel. Den you puts him into a big fryin pan. Den you scrapes de skin off your sweet potatoes an you puts dem into de same pan with Mr. Possum. Den you has your stove red, an den you puts de pan an possum an potatoes into de oven an den go away fur a little while, but not too long.

"Den when you comes back you puts in a little hot water, an den you begins an bastes de possum an de sweet potatoes, an you keeps on a-bastin an a-bastin till de possum is a good brown—jest like my color—an de sweet potatoes is soft an juicy an de gravy is almost black an plenty of it. Den you takes it out of de oven, an den you sots de table, an den—well, den you bars de doors, fur de smell of cooked possum goes a long ways, an when you have only one possum you doan't want much company besides yourself."

Now, there is your recipe for cooking possum and given by probably one of the best chefs for that dish in the world. —Philadelphia Times.

Gave Him Another Chance.

A young man who had been two days at the Ponce de Leon on what may well be called a combination of business and pleasure, since he was courting a millionaire's daughter temporarily residing there, went to the clerk and asked for his bill.

The clerk looked at the young man carefully for a long moment, then made out and handed over a bill for $238.

The young man did not stagger or grow pallid. He tossed the slip of paper back to the clerk and said: "Guess again, you chump. I've got more money than that."—New York Times.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SALEM

Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,

au 7 tf Salem, North Carolina.

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 331, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185.

W. B. McKOY,
au 11 30t Attorney.

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 632, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 106, et seq., of the records of New Hanover County, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,

Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association.

au 9 30t

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

my 12 tf Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. P. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR,
my 23 tf Wilmington N. C.

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours, Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

ESTABLISHED 1850 SEABOARD AIR LINE

LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule In Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p. m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:15 p. m., Laurinburg 6:28 p. m., Hamlet 6.55 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:20 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 403 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Wasnington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:20 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 8:53 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 5:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:38 p. m., Raleigh 3:16 a. m., Sanford 8:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 6:38 a. m., Wadesboro 6:53 a. m., Monroe 8:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 8:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m., Leaves Charlotte 8:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:30 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 9:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:51 a. m., Lumberton 9:33 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:53 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:19 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:09 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:30 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 06 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 40 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 25 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 00 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 53 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Leave Maxton	6 05 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 20 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 50 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

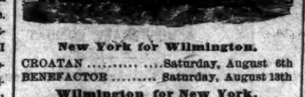
CONNECTIONS!

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 6th
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, August 6th
CROATAN ..... Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ..... Tuesday, August 9th
BENEFACTOR ..... Tuesday, August 16th

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

25 CASES

Picnic Hams,

CHERRY BRAND,

JUST RECEIVED.

Will be Sold At Lowest Price.

R. R. STONE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

au 9 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.

Genuine Wine, Made by Henri Pateau,

French Wine Maker.

Suppernong Wine, 25c a quart, 5c a glass. Good Wine, just ripe; best that can be made. Frontignan, a white golden Wine, sweet or dry, resembling in flavor and taste the famous Wine of Frontignan, France, at 25c a bottle, 5c a glass. Sauterne, magnificent white pearled Wine, from bunch grapes of the hybrid family. Resembles in color, sparkling appearance, taste and flavor the Sauterne. Its principal characteristic is its aperient quality.

au 10 1w Call at 113 South Front street.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12.00 a. m., Wilson 12.40 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.30 p. m., Tarboro 2.31 p. m., Weldon 3.35 p. m., Petersburg 5.30 p. m., Richmond, 6.40 p. m., Norfolk 8.55 p. m., Washington 11.30 p. m., Baltimore 1.03 a. m., Philadelphia 3.50 a. m., New York 6.55 a. m., †Boston 3.00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 p. m., Warsaw 9.10 p. m., Goldsboro 10.10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6.45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11.37 p. m. Weldon 1.48 a. m., †Norfolk 10.15 a. m., Petersburg 3.14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7.41 a. m., Baltimore 9.09 a. m., Philadelphia 11.25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9.00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 4.13 p. m. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 p. m., Newbern 5.40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.26 p. m., Chadbourn 5.25 p. m., Marion 6.34 p. m., Florence 7.15 p. m., Sumter 9.22 p. m., Columbia 10.20 p. m., Denmark 6.12 a. m., Augusta 7.25 a. m., Macon 11.15 a. m., Atlanta 12.25 p. m. Charleston 10.50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7.30 a. m., St. Augustine 10.30 a. m., Tampa 6.05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p. m., *New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 12.05 a. m., Baltimore 2.50 a. m., Washington 4.30 a. m., Richmond 9.05 a. m., Petersburg 10.00 a. m., Norfolk 9.10 a. m., Weldon 11.50 a. m., Tarboro 12.29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1.10 p. m., Wilson 2.00 p. m., Goldsboro 3.05 p. m., Warsaw 3.59 p. m., Magnolia 4.19 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a. m., Philadelphia 12.09 p. m., Baltimore 2.35 p. m., Washington 4.46 p. m., Richmond 7.30 p. m., Petersburg 8.12 p. m., *Norfolk 2.20 p. m., Weldon 9.43 p. m., †Tarboro 8.00 p m., Rocky Mount 8.40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6.22 a. m., Go

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1898.

BOMBARDING MANZANILLO.

Action Was in Progress When a Dispatch Was Received Directing a Cessation of Hostilities.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—Very indefinite information has been received here regarding an engagement at Manzanillo. Dispatches were received at the White House last night stating that a naval bombardment was in progress. Efforts were made at once by the War and Navy Departments to get information to Manzanillo that the protocol had been signed. Assistant Secretary Allen sent a dispatch through Havana to the naval commander at Manzanillo to cease hostilities. Advices have been received that Captain General Blanco succeeded in informing Manzanillo of the cessation of hostilities.

A dispatch was received here to-day stating that the orders of Acting Secretary Allen reached the naval commander at Manzanillo this morning and that hostilities then ceased.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 13, 5 P. M.—Advices were received by General Shafter to-day to the effect that Manzanillo was bombarded yesterday, day and night, and again this morning. General Shafter at once cabled to the Spanish commander at Manzanillo that peace had been declared and requesting him to advise the American commander of the fact under a flag of truce, which he did, and the shelling of the town ceased.

JOHN ANDERSON TO HANG.

Will Expiate the Murder of the Mate of the Schooner Olive Pecker.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 13.—The contract for the erection of the gibbet on which John Anderson will expiate the murder of the mate of the schooner Olive Pecker on the 26th instant was awarded here to-day, a few minutes after telegraphic intelligence was received from Washington that President McKinley had decided not to interfere with the verdict of the courts.

The news was broken to Anderson in his cell in the presence of the death watch by one of his spiritual advisers, Rev. J. B. Merritt, chaplain of the Seaman's Bethel. Anderson received the announcement with great composure, and the assurance that his trust was in God and he was prepared to die. He showed no sign of breaking down.

Anderson's counsel, Mr. Joe McIntosh and Col. William Lamb, will go to Washington again Monday to make one final effort to have his sentence commuted to life imprisonment, but they have very little hope of success.

YELLOW FEVER.

Only One Case So Far at Franklin, Louisiana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—In connection with the report that yellow fever had appeared at Franklin, La., Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, said to-day that as soon as the report reached him he hastened two marine corps surgeons to the place to make an examination and report. They found that one person had died from a fever and had been buried. From the history of the case they were inclined to the belief that it was genuine yellow fever. They were unable to make an examination, however, and therefore are unable to speak positively. Dr. Wyman has given them instructions to remain at Franklin to keep a close watch and take prompt measures to quarantine all suspicious cases. There are no cases there now and no fear is expressed here that the disease will become epidemic, even should the first case have been a genuine yellow fever one.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Brawley's Decision in the Case of the French Blockade Runner.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 13.—In the United States District Court to-day Judge Brawley handed down a decision in the case of Olinde Rodriguez, the French liner, charged with blockade running and captured by the cruiser New Orleans on July 17th off San Juan.

The decision reviews the testimony taken by the prize commissioners at great length and concludes by giving District Attorney Lathrop orders to take further testimony. Judge Brawley says that he would not hesitate to discharge the libel against the steamer save for the fact that the government should be allowed every chance to make out its case. Permission to give bond is granted the steamer.

COURT MARTIALED AND SHOT

A Private of the Second Wisconsin Who Killed a Soldier at Ponce.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., August 13.—A special to the *Journal* from Martinette, Wis., says:

Word has been received here from Ponce, Porto Rico, that Private L. A. Duke, of the Second Wisconsin regiment, who shot and killed private Thomas Stafford, of the Thirteenth infantry, regular army, during a quarrel in a saloon at Ponce, was court-martialled August 3rd, found guilty and shot on the morning of August 4th. The murder of Stafford was the result of a quarrel in a wine shop in the mountains near Ponce.

CONDITION OF SANTIAGO.

No Authentic Case of Yellow Fever—The Death Rate Decreased.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 13.—General Leonard Wood, military governor of this city, and a board of inspecting physicians, have just completed a house to-house inspection of Santiago. Considerable sickness, mostly malaria and dysentery, was found, but no authentic case of yellow fever was discovered. The sanitary precautions taken since the occupation of Santiago by the United States forces has the effect of reducing the average daily death rate from 103 to 87.

The order for sailing of troops for Manila on the transports Scandia and Arizona from San Francisco has been countermanded. The transports will sail for the Philippines on Monday, as scheduled, but they will carry only stores.

TEXT OF THE PEACE PROTOCOL.

As Announced by the Spanish Government and Signed by Its Representative.

TO CARRY OUT THE TERMS.

Instructions Telegraphed to the Governors General of Porto Rico and the Philippines to Prepare for Evacuation and Suspend Hostilities.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 13, 10 P. M.—The government to-night telegraphed to the Governors General of Porto Rico and the Philippines, instructions for carrying out the terms of the protocol signed by the United States and Spain, and to prepare for evacuation. Instructions were also sent, covering the policy to be adopted in the event of the insurgents refusing to observe the armistice.

MADRID, August 13.—The text of the protocol signed between Spain and the United States is as follows:

His excellency M. Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the French republic at Washington, and Mr. William Day, Secretary of State of the United States, having received respectively to that effect plenary powers from the Spanish government and the government of the United States, have established and signed the following articles which define the terms on which the governments have agreed with regard to the questions enumerated below and of which the object is the establishment of peace between the two countries, namely:

Article 1.—Spain will renounce all claim of sovereignty over and all her rights over the island of Cuba.

Article 2.—Spain will cede to the United States the island of Porto Rico and the other islands which are at present under the sovereignty of Spain in the Antilles, as well as an island in Ladrone archipelago to be chosen by the United States.

Article 3.—The United States will occupy and retain the city and bay of San Juan de Porto Rico, and the port of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace which shall determine the control and form of government of the Philippines.

Article 4.—Spain will immediately evacuate Cuba, Porto Rico and the other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the Antilles.

To this effect each of the two governments will appoint commissioners within ten days after the signing of this protocol and these commissioners shall meet at Havana within thirty days after the signing of this protocol with the object of coming to an agreement regarding the carrying out of the details of the aforesaid evacuation of Cuba and other adjacent Spanish islands; and each of the two governments shall likewise appoint within ten days after the signature of this protocol other commissioners, who shall meet at San Juan de Puerto Rico within thirty days after the signature of this protocol, to agree upon the details of the evacuation of Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the Antilles.

Article 5.—Spain and the United States shall appoint to treat for peace five commissioners at the most for either country. The commissioners shall meet in Paris on October 1st at the latest, to proceed to negotiations and to the conclusion of a treaty of peace. This treaty shall be ratified in conformity with the constitutional laws of each of the two countries.

Article 6.—Once this protocol is concluded and signed, hostilities shall be suspended, and to that effect in the two countries orders shall be given by either government to the commanders of its land and sea forces as speedily as possible.

Done in duplicate at Washington, and read in French and in English by the undersigned, who affix at the foot of the document their signatures and seals, August 12th, 1898.

A Cabinet Meeting.

MADRID, August 13, 10.30 P. M.—The cabinet met this evening, and although the ministers upon coming from the meeting declared that the discussions had dealt with other than war questions, the fact that the instructions to the governors general of Porto Rico and the Philippines were immediately issued, indicates the subjects considered.

There was an evident feeling of relief pervading the cabinet after the strain which appears to have been shared by the whole country, and certainly was shared by all save agitators who hope to make capital from the continuation of Spain's misfortunes.

The people everywhere remain quiet. The republican band at Valencia proved to be undeserving of the importance the authorities lent it by dispatching troops to the scene.

A DESPERATE COMBAT.

Two Officers Killed and Another Wounded by a Negro Ex-Convict.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., August 13.—A dispatch just received from Yazoo City gives an account of a desperate combat between eight deputy sheriffs and a negro ex-convict named Ed. Crandiston, in which two of the deputies, William Everett and James Stonestreet, were killed and another, William Ward, was seriously wounded. The deputies surrounded a cabin in which the negro had taken refuge. He answered their call to surrender with a load of buckshot. After firing several more shots he made his escape. A mob is now in pursuit with a pack of bloodhounds. The negro will undoubtedly be lynched if caught. He is one of the most desperate characters in the State.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 4.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 3; Pittsburg, 2. Second game—Baltimore, 6; Pittsburg, 3.

Washington—Washington, 2; Louisville, 1. Second game—Washington, 2; Louisville, 9.

New York—New York, 9; Chicago, 2.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Cincinnati, 1.

Boston—Boston, 5; Cleveland, 2.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Gradual Reduction to be Made of the Army and Navy to a Peace Footing.

THE PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

Occupation of Manila Expected in a Few Days—Disposition of Spanish Prisoners—Part of Volunteer Force to be Mustered Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug 13.—The sudden transition from war to peace was reflected to-day in a complete dullness and stagnation through official quarters. Instead of the bustle and activity which have prevailed for months through the corridors of the War and Navy Departments, there was a calmness not apparent since the mid-summer vacation of last year. Most of the officials went home early in the day, enjoying the first partial holiday since the war began. There will be a large amount of important detail to be worked out from this time forward, a gradual reduction of the army and navy to a peace footing, the establishment of temporary and permanent administrations for our new colonial possessions, the caring for the wounded and prisoners and the relief of the distress in Cuba. The question of immediate attention is the appointment of the peace commission, which is to meet at Paris and of the military commissions to meet at Havana and San Juan. The President conferred with Secretary Day during the day relative to the peace commission, but it was said at the State Department late, that an announcement of the commissioners might be deferred for some days. It is understood that the President has not fully determined upon the

Personnel of the Commission.

Several of the public men who saw him to-day were satisfied that the commission would be made up of Secretary Day, Senators Allison and Gorman, either Joseph H. Choate or Elihu Root of New York, and probably a prominent army officer. General Corbin is spoken of favorably in connection with the army appointment on the commission. The military commissioners for Cuba and Porto Rico are not receiving any attention from the State Department, as the military authorities will have entire charge of these branches of the peace settlement. During the day the State Department received a call from M. Thiebaut, secretary of the French embassy, for the purpose of leaving a letter explaining the authority given by cable to the French ambassador to sign the peace protocol. These assurances already had been given verbally, but the letter gives them in a more definite form, and in the course of a few days the complete written authorization from Madrid will be filed with the State Department. Many congratulations kept coming to the State Department and to the White House on the re-establishment of peace.

Occupation of Manila.

It is expected that the occupation of Manila under the terms of the protocol will occur within the next few hours. It was thought at first that the Navy Department had a dispatch boat at Hong Kong, ready to carry forward the orders to Admiral Dewey and General Merritt, but the department learned to-day that there was no dispatch boat at Hong Kong, although one was likely to reach there to-day or to morrow. Meanwhile, it is possible that General Wildman may charter a steamer and send the orders forward. He has general instructions as dispatch agent, and it was stated at the State Department to-day that these instructions govern the present case. General Greely is satisfied no use can be made of the cable connecting Hong Kong with Manila as there are no operators at the Manila end.

Matters for Consideration.

Acting Secretary Allen said to-day that the matter of establishing coaling stations, the disposition of Admiral Cervera and other Spanish prisoners, and like questions brought up by the peace settlement, would receive consideration in due time, but that there was no immediate necessity for passing upon them. Preparations are making to receive the battleships and armored cruisers now under orders to come north. Dry docks Nos. 1 and 2 at New York navy yard are available for the cruisers New York and Brooklyn but not for the battleships. Dry dock No. 3 will receive the battleships, but will not be in condition before September 1st, as it has gone through a long period of repair. Capt. Bartlett, in charge of the auxiliary fleet, is arranging to get these craft back into their old channels. The old single-turreted monitors will be returned to the League Island navy yard. Some of the auxiliaries are still needed to look after mine fields established along the coast.

The War Department was busy all day with matters pertaining to the cessation of hostilities. Secretary Alger consulted the President for some time, but when he returned he said that the military commissioners for Cuba and Porto Rico would not be announced to-day. There was no need of haste, he said, as by the terms of the protocol ten days were allowed for the selection of the commission. There has been some speculation as to who will be commissioners and nearly all of the more prominent officers of the army have been canvassed, both volunteer and regular.

It seems to be generally conceded that General Lee will be one of the commissioners for Cuba on account of his knowledge of the conditions of the island. General Brooke and General Henry are mentioned as probable commissioners for Porto Rico.

The subject of mustering out a part of

The Volunteer Forces

has been considered and it is probable the total force will be reduced to 100,000. This mustering out will not begin at once. Garrisons of both regular and volunteer soldiers will remain in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Manila and Porto Rico will be governed through the military arm at present and probably the authority which the United States exerts in Cuba by the same method. It is the understanding of the War Department that the Spanish soldiers in all places over which the United States exercises authority will be virtually prisoners of war and under the orders of the United States officers in command. The War Department is now exercising every effort in the direction of the care of the sick and wounded soldiers and is pushing forward the plans to make the troops more comfortable.

McKinley Will Take a Rest.

President McKinley said to-day that the moral and physical strain of the last few months had been severe upon him, as upon all officials who had borne the weight of great responsibility, and now that the war was over and the sufferings that war involves were at an end, his feeling was one of profound thankfulness. Work in connection with the appointment of commissioners to negotiate a treaty of peace, the preparation of their instructions and other matters, he said, probably would necessitate his remaining in Washington until some time in October, when he hoped to be able to take a short rest. The work of the peace commission might occupy a month or so, and he hoped that in his next annual Thanksgiving proclamation he would have the very great pleasure of announcing to the people the fact that a treaty of peace had been signed.

The Appointment of Commissioners.

The termination of the war brings before the State Department many far-reaching subjects for determination. Probably the most important of these is the establishment of plans of government for the various possessions acquired by the United States, most of them permanent, and Manila temporary, with the chance of permanency. There is the attending question of dealing with the people of the acquired territories. These larger questions are being considered with great care and deliberation, and there is not likely to be any haste in reaching conclusions. The matters of pressing importance are the appointment of commissioners to arrange terms of peace at Paris and the military commission to meet at Havana and San Juan.

It seems to be settled that Ambassador Hay, at London, is to succeed Secretary Day when the latter becomes chairman of the Peace Commission. The authority for this statement is unofficial but from a source which shows that such is the determination of the President at present. The indications are that Secretary Day's resignation from the State Department will be in and accepted within a week.

It is understood that the President contemplates the appointment of Secretary Day to a circuit judgeship after the work of the Peace Commission has been finished. Senator Davis, of Minnesota, will be offered a place on the commission, but it is expected he will decline. The President desires to have Adjutant General H. C. Corbin, a member of the Peace Commission, and it is probable that he will be selected.

GEN. GARCIA AT HOLGUIN.

With a Force of 8,000 Cubans Demanded Surrender—Spanish Force Ordered to Evacuate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., August 13.—Intelligence reached here to-day that the Spanish forces under Gen. Luque, in Holguin, have been ordered by Gen. Salcedo to evacuate the town. Gen. Garcia with 8,000 Cubans was at last accounts strongly entrenched around Holguin, and had demanded Gen. Luque's surrender. This latter information came on the Spanish prize schooner Expreso, which was captured by the gunboat Nashville at Gibara on July 27th and brought here by a prize crew, under command of Ensign Walker. When the Expreso left Gibara on Tuesday last the Spaniards were still in Holguin and had not replied to General Garcia's demand for their surrender.

On August 6th, the gunboat Nashville captured a small Spanish sloop the Fongrafa, at Gibara. The sloop, carried mail for Spanish officers and a cargo of tobacco. The mail was seized and its contents gave the American officers some important information. Subsequently the sloop was set free.

LAST CUBAN EXPEDITION.

Landing Clothing and Provisions for Gen. Gomez's Forces Without Resistance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., August 13.—An expedition which was designed to convey clothing and provisions for Gen. Maximo Gomez, and which Col. Boza, the insurgent commander's chief of staff, took from here last week, was landed without resistance at Santa Maria, fifteen miles east of Key Francis. The schooners Adams and Dellis, of ninety and thirty-five tons, respectively, carried the expedition, the cost of which was raised by subscription among Cuban citizens of Key West.

Besides Col. Boza, there were in the party Lieut. Col. Mendita, also of Gen. Gomez's staff, Col. Alfred La Borde, of Competitor fame; Lieut. Col. Andres Hernandez, of Gen. Rodriguez's forces in the province of Havana, and thirty Cubans, all well provided with arms and ammunition. The Adams reached here to-day and reported that the expedition had been entirely successful.

SAILED FOR SANTIAGO.

Transports With Troops and Supplies from Savannah—Col. Ray's Immunes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Aug. 13.—The transport Minnewaska sailed at 4 o'clock this afternoon for Santiago with the Third regiment U. S. volunteers—Col. Ray's immunes, numbering 1,100 officers and men.

The transport also carried 150 horses and a wagon train and had on board 1,000 cords of wood for the soldiers at Santiago.

The Minnewaska left her wharf drawing 23 feet of water and went at once to sea. Thousands of people lined the wharves and river along the city front and cheered the soldiers as they passed.

SEVENTEEN LIVES LOST.

Result of a Cloud-Burst in the Tennessee Mountains.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, August 13.—A special to the *Banner* from Knoxville, Tenn. says: News has just reached here that a cloud-burst has occurred at Beach Creek, a remote locality in Hawkins county, nearly twenty miles from Rogersville. Seventeen persons lost their lives. Thirteen of the bodies have been recovered. The dead were a number of poor families. Their cabins, in a narrow valley, were swept away in the flood following the cloud-burst.

THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Spain Thinks the Peace Commission Will Accord Her Sovereignty.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 13.—The *Liberal*, commenting on the gravity of the situation as regards the Phillippine islands, says it appears certain that the peace commission will accord to Spain sovereignty over almost the whole of the archipelago, but Spain will lose more than she will gain if Aguinaldo's insurgents do not make submission.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

THE FLAGSHIP SAN FRANCISCO.

Fired Upon by the Havana Batteries and Was Badly Damaged.

BUT NO ONE WAS INJURED.

The Spaniards Had the Range and Were Grimly in Earnest in Their Last Efforts to Wreak Vengeance on Their Too Mighty Enemy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., August 13, 9 P. M.—The flagship San Francisco and monitor Miantonomah and the auxiliary yacht Sylvia were fired upon by the Havana batteries shortly before five o'clock yesterday morning. One ten or twelve-inch shell struck the San Francisco's stern as she turned to get out of range, and tore a hole about a foot in diameter, completely wrecking Commodore Howell's quarters and smashing his book case to fragments. Nobody was injured and, being under orders not to attack the batteries, the ships retreated as fast as their engines would carry them.

The flagship and the Sylvia lay parallel to each other not more than ten miles from Morro Castle, and separated from each other by a distance of between three-eighths and one-quarter of a mile. The Miantonomah lay about three-quarters of a mile to the rear of the others. All were within range of the Spanish batteries and the temptation was too strong to be resisted.

While the ships of the Havana blockade squadron have been keeping at a distance of six miles or more during daylight they have been accustomed to drawing in much closer at night. Morro Castle light has burned steadily throughout, serving as a good beacon for the American ships.

Thursday evening the warships of the squadron immediately off Havana were the San Francisco, Sylvia and the Miantonomah and with nightfall they drew in closer to the shore than ever before and took positions as before stated. All night the ships rolled at their stations with lights out, according to the blockade regulations. Another twelve hours of dreary duty had passed with the same unvarying monotony, and what happened soon afterwards was as unexpected as it was welcome. The first glimmer of dawn was breaking through the eastern skies when without an instant's warning the lookout on the flagship saw a jet of smoke puff from one of Morro's big guns. Almost before he could pull himself together sufficiently to make a report of the incident ten and twelve inch shells were screaming all around the ship.

The Spaniards had the range and apparently were grimly in earnest in their last efforts to wreak injury on their too mighty enemy. It was, however, almost as futile an effort as in every preceding struggle. Shells fell between the San Francisco and Sylvia some fell short, a few went over them, and still others fell short. The flagship signalled the Sylvia to get out of range without delay and both ships swung round and made for the sea. It was then that the shell struck the San Francisco's stern and sent its fragments into the after cabin, wrecking Commodore Howell's library. The Commodore was on deck with Captain Leary when the shell struck.

The Miantonomah was in less danger than the other two ships, being farther out to sea; but when the firing commenced they all moved out three miles. Here the men on the flagship were speedily put to work patching the ragged hole which a shell had torn in the San Francisco's stern. The damage was found to be trifling.

All the shells fired at the vessels were from ten or twelve-inch guns, and they were exactly twenty-two in number. As they fell around the ships one of the Sylvia's men stood calmly on the deck of the yacht, watch in hand, and counted them. Morro Castle fired several of the missles, but how many is not known. The others came from two sand batteries east of Morro.

The firing lasted twenty minutes. No attempt was made to return the fire, the blockading squadron being under specific orders not to make any sort of demonstration against Havana partaking of the nature of an attack. Even if such had not been the case it would have been almost suicidal for the three ships, one of them a yacht, to have faced such odds as the land batteries offered. The big turret guns of the Miantonomah and the San Francisco's main battery of six-inch guns could have done much damage, but the Spaniards had the range, and to attempt to combat the almost impregnable fortifications of Havana would have been hopeless.

The one-sided engagement had scarcely ended when Captain Bellers was given a packet of private documents which he was ordered to take into Havana under a flag of truce. This was done without incident, the Sylvia delivering them to the officer of the Spanish gunboat Martin y Pinzon.

The big Spanish trans-Atlantic liner Montserrat is still bottled up in Matanzas harbor.

THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

It Has Cost the Government So Far $150,000,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—Although the war with Spain lasted only 114 days, it is estimated that it has cost the government so far $150,000,000, of which $98,000,000 has been actually paid out from the treasury. The total charged to the War Department is $65,000,000; total charged to Navy Department $32,700,090.

The appropriation made by Congress on account of the war aggregated about $360,000,000 and covers the time to January 1st, 1899.

PICKETT'S DIVISION.

The Reunion at Philadelphia—Colored Grand Army Posts.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.—The survivors of Pickett's division, who are visiting this city, continued their reunion to-day at Camp Blue and Gray. The afternoon was taken up with an ox roast and the sham battle which was postponed from yesterday.

Several colored Grand Army posts will hold camp meeting services to-morrow and on Monday the visitors will return to Richmond.

Duke Almodovar de Rio, Spain's minister of foreign affairs has asked the French ambassador at Madrid, to transmit to his government the thanks of Spain for the good offices which have resulted in the earliest possible signature of a protocol of peace with the United States.

MILES CAMPAIGN IN PORTO RICO.

An Engagement by Wilson's Forces With Spanish Troops Near Aibonito.

ENEMY ROUTED AND DRIVEN.

No Serious Loss Sustained by the American Troops—The List of Casualties Sustained in the Engagement Near Hormigueros.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—Adjutant General Corbin to-night received the following telegram:

"*Ponce, August 13, 1898.*—General Wilson reports that Major Lancaster with Potts' battery, at 1.30 P. M., 12th instant, quickly silenced the enemy's battery at Asomanta, near Aibonito, and drove him from his position and rifle pits; no infantry fire on our part. Lieutenant John P. Haines, Fourth artillery, struck by a stray Mauser bullet; not serious. A shell from enemy's gun burst just over one of our pickets, killing Corporal Swansen, wounding Corporal Jenks, Company L, Third Wisconsin, neck and arm; Private Vought, same company, seriously, in abdomen; Private Bunce, in chest not seriously."

WASHINGTON, August 13.—The War Department to-night posted the following:

Ponce, August 13th, 1898.—Following is a complete list of casualities in the engagement near Hormigueros, August 10.

Killed, Frederic Farmberg, Company D, 11th Infantry.

Wounded, First Lieutenant Joseph C. Byron, 8th cavalry, and the following of the 11th infantry:

Sergeant William S. Wheeler, seriously; Corporal Joseph P. Ryan, Company C; Private William Rossiter, Company G, serious; Private Arthur Shays, Company C; Private John L. Johnson, Company D; Private A. Sands, Company D; Private Paul I. Milzkie, Company E; Private Henry Gerrick, Company E; Private Harry E. Arrick, Company E; Private S. R. Cobb, Company I; Corporal Amos Wilkie, Company E, serious; Private Daniel Graves, Company G, serious; Corporal John Bruning, Private S. G. Fry, Private G. Curtis, light battery D, Fifth artillery. Doctor thinks all but one of the wounded likely to recover.

(Signed) "MILES."

A GEORGIA TRAGEDY.

A Young Woman Killed—An Effort Made to Lynch the Murderer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MACON, GA., August 13.—A special to the *Telegraph* from Dublin says: William Carr, a married man, shot and killed Mollie Raffield, a young woman, near here to-day. Carr, though married, was insanely jealous of the girl. Her father reused him permission to see her, but she afterwards met him and the tragedy refulted. Carr was arrested and placed in jail with much difficulty. A mob gathered and an effort was made to lynch the murderer.

SICK AT SANTIAGO.

Gen. Shafter's Report—Many Suffering With Fever—Few Deaths.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The following is Gen. Shafter's sanitary report for August 13th.

Total number sick 2,475; total number fever cases 1,951; total number new cases 213; cases of fever returned to duty 358. Deaths, August 11th, one additional; August 12th, thirteen.

WARM WIRELETS.

It is reported that Mula-Ab-El-Aziz, the sultan of Morocco is dead.

General Fitzhugh Lee has been ordered to report to Washington.

The cholera is epidemic at Madras. Between Monday morning and Friday night there were 55 deaths from the disease.

The New York Democratic State Committee has decided to hold the State convention at Syracuse Wednesday, September 28th.

General Miles has cabled the War Department that he is in receipt of Secretary Alger's order to suspend hostilities in Porto Rico.

Major-General Fitzhugh Lee left Jacksonville yesterday for Washington in response to a telegram from the Secretary of War, accompanied by his his son, Fitzhugh Lee, Jr.

The State board of health of Mississippi has sent out a corps of inspectors for trains, and guards for landing points, to protect the State against a possible spread of yellow fever from Franklin, La.

The War Department has been advised through the Cuban Junta that the Cuban insurgents will accept the terms of the peace protocol between the United States and Spain and that hostilities will cease on their part.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.

2.—You can draw it out when you need it.

3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit.

je 9 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,253 82	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	167 97	Surplus	$75,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,963 25—79,963 25
Banking House and Fixtures	15,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$132,564 29	Total Deposits	561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—232,306 16		
Total	$892,929 65	Total	$892,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '98.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	36,700	69,000	79,000
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892.

jy 28 tf

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Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

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Country Produce Shippers take notice. It will pay you to ship your Produce to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. All goods given careful attention and prompt returns made. au 14 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 288. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street. au 14 tf

For Rent—The Cantwell House, corner Sixth and Market streets. Nine rooms; modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor. su au 14 tf

For Rent—My House, 207 Harnett street, furnished or unfurnished. Possession given October 1st. Good cistern and stable on premises. Mrs. W. E. Mayo. au 14 1w

For Rent—A desirable two-story house corner of Second and Ann streets (No. 201 South Second), containing 8 rooms, besides kitchen and servant's room. Bath, Closet, Cistern, City Water and plenty of yard room. Possession given October 1st. For terms apply to M. C. Darby, agent. su au 14 tf

For Rent—Two five-room Cottages on Carolina Beach and one five-room Cottage on Ocean View Beach. Apply to D. O'Connor, real estate agent. au 14 tf

For Rent—The well known Currie Stables, corner of Second and Princess streets. Room for fifty horses. Apply to D. O'Connor. au 14 tf

For Rent—Residence, east side Fifth street between Ann and Nun. Seven rooms. Possession given September 1st, 1898. Apply to Mrs. J. H. Runge, 311 South Fifth street. au 12 tf

Butter, Butter, Butter, from 10 cents per pound up. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 13 tf

The Most Prosperous man is the country merchant who ships his produce to R. B. Moore, and why? Because he sells your produce for the very best prices and makes the promptest returns. Try him and be convinced. 125 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. au 7 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. Also inspect, lar and turpentine. H. B. Reglster, 100 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 30 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your best cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. B. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 232. sep 21 tf

The Unlucky Corner.

Come Quick, Before the Deal is Off. It is only

An Advertising Scheme.

10 lbs Best Granulated Sugar.....65c
1 " J. & S. Roasted Laguyra Coffee 25c
1 " W. M. Roasted Java Coffee.....30c
1 " Mixed Tea (Good).....50c
1 doz. North Carolina Roe Herring, 25c
1 lb Clover Hill Butter (Best).....25c
$2.20

All For $1.59.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 23 tf

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.

WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMESTOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.

Receiving Fresh New Flour, and Can fill all Orders Promptly

Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.

A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon on consignment.

Hall & Pearsall,

au 13 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets

New Mullets.

2000 Pounds New Mullets.
100 New Picnic Cheese.
100 Bags Wheat Bran.
400 Doz. Market Baskets.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
100 Cases Star Lye.
100 Cases M Lye.
120 Barrels Sugar.

W. B. Cooper,

Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

au 11 tf

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. feb 28tf Goldsboro, N. C.

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 9 1m R. R. Love & Bro.

SANTIAGO HAS CAPITULATED! But We Have Not.

We are still holding the fort,

AND HAVE BEATEN ALL COMPETITION

On Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, Agricultural Implements, Mechanic's Tools, and

Everything IN THE **Hardware Line,**

Wholesale and Retail.

Mail orders given special attention.

J. W. MURCHISON,

The Leading Hardware Dealer.

jy 19 tf

Naptha-Camphor.

Better than Camphor Gum, Cheaper than Camphor Gum.

Harmless to handle, but sure death to moths. A perfect disinfectant for furs, clothing, feathers, &c.; 35c per pound.

LIQUID CREALEUM.

A perfect disinfectant and antiseptic. Safe, Cheap and Convenient for household use. For plumbing, disinfecting clothes, mosquito bites, skin eruptions, &c. SURE DEATH TO FLEAS and cures Mange on Dogs.

25c Per Bottle.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

au